FIFTY-THIRD YEAR.

10 PAGES-LAST EDITON.

WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 14, 1903. SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH.

TRUTH AND LIBERTY

JOHN W. YOUNG WILL TESTIFY.

To Tell What He Knows of Affairs of United States Shipbuilding Company.

DRESSER ACCUSES C.M.SCHWAB

Says Withholding of Bethlehem Co. Profits by Him Wrecked the Combination.

HE SAW GATES ABOUT MATTER.

Told Him if Schwab Would Take His Grip Off Bethlehem, All Would Be Well.

New York, Oct. 14.-The injulry into the affairs of the United States Shipbuilding company, which is being pressed by the Bondholders' Protective association, was resumed today before Referee Oliphant. Since the last hearing arrangements had been made to take the testimony of Charles M. Schwab, Max Pam, Lewis Nixon, George W. Perkins, John W. Young. James Duane Livingstone and others concerned. D. LeRoy Dresser, formerly president of the Trust company of the Republic, whose testimony as to the circumstances under which the shipbuilding combination came into being, and particularly the terms by which it acquired the Bethlehem steel works and agreed to market its stock, startled financial circles, took the stand, but before he was asked any questions there was an argument over the propriety of Mr. Guthrie, counsel for Mr. Schwab, cross-

examining him.

It was finally agreed that Mr. Guthrie should cross-examine Mr. Dresser, and after it had been explained that Charles M. Schwab would attend and testify when desired, and several witnesses, including Joseph Schwab, Oliver Wren, secretary to Charles M. Schwab, and Mr. Young had been sworn in, the examination proceeded.

Mr. Guthrie first questioned witness as to the reports he had received or

Mr. Guthrie first questioned witness as to the reports he had received or seen on the value of the plants included in the shipbuilding combination. Mr. Dresser said that he had seen the reports of Alexander and Green, and Riddle & Common, the accountants, but denied that he had seen a report of the certific that he had seen a report of

DRESSER UNSUSPICIOUS.

"From the time the prospectus was first prepared until the transaction was finally consummated had there been anything suggested to you that affected of the company ted nothing until I came back

from Europe," said Mr. Dresser. "I made a very careful inquiry at that time. Trouble occurred during January and February, and I believe it was due to the control by Mr. Schwab of the The witness then explained that he

had appealed to Mr. Pam for assistance from the Bethlehem company, and said that even after the Sheldon reorganization, the earnings of the several ship-building properties and the Bethlehem company were sufficient to pay fixed Mr. Dresser said that all the informa-

tion contained in the prospectus of the company came from either Riddle & The witness said that he had not taked with Mr. Schwab about taking

a part in the underwriting. SCHWAB'S SUBSCRIPTION.

Mr. Nixon did that, he said, and brought him Mr. Schwab's subscription f \$300,000. Mr. Schwab later paid the ull amount of the allotment against im. He said there was a series of assessments and that he believed Mr. Schwab paid in full. The witness was then led over the

freumstances attending the call which he and Mr. Nixon made at the office of Mr. Schwab on June 14, 1902. He testhe operations and earnings of the Bethlehem company.
"Mr. Schwab said it would earn \$2,

000,000 a year," the witness said, "and as a matter of fact, it did." Asked if \$2,000,000 was not the sum, he said: "Mr. Guthrie, I do not wish to over-ate the figures. Two million would satisfied us that it was a good

The witness swore that he had not any surplus cash or first mortgage bonds as a promoter.

STOCK FROM MR. YOUNG. "When I was in Paris," said he, "I received some stock in the company from Mr. Young. When I left here I want 1,450 shares of the TrustCompany of the Republic which was worth \$500;-Republic, which was worth \$500 Mr. Young gave me cither 4,000

sold it for \$100,000."

WRECKED BY SCHWAB. The witness denied knowledge of the xistence of \$400,000 worth of first mortexistence of \$400,000 worth of first mortage bonds which Mr. Guthrie said had heither gone to the venders, the underwriters nor the subscribers. Witness said that he never knew of any such surplus. It then developed that Mr. Dresser had endeavored yesterday to get into communication with Mr. Schwah and the testimony on the point brought from the witness on the stand the declaration that the shipbuilding company had been wrecked through the withholding of the Bethlehem comthholding of the Bethlehem com my's profits. The efforts of the wit to reach Mr. Schwab made age firm of Harris, Gates & Company, and was brought out by Guthrie for the purpose of showing that Dresser had sought to plead with Schwab and had ver him the threat of exposure of facts in connection with the ship-

Mr. Guthrie introduced the sensa-tional incident and testimony by drop-ping his questions as to the stock Mr. Dresser had received and saying:

you remember what you did yesy memory is good enough for answered the witness, id you pay two visits yesterday to office of Mr. Charles Harris?" did," said the witness.
Id you not seek a private interwith Mr. Schwab?" asked Mr. hrie.

SOUGHT NO INTERVIEW.

"I meanly did not," said the wit- Pittsburg.

ness, and then in response to a series of questions put to him rapidly the wit-ness denied that he had sent word to Mr. Schwab that it would be well for him to see him, or that he had threatenand to see him, or that he had threatened to make disclosures that would injure Mr. Schwab. He also denied that he had said that it would be better for Mr. Schwab to quiet the matter or that he, Dresser, had nothing to lose in the way of reputation or that it would be better for all concerned to straighten the whole matter out.

the whole matter out.

When Mr. Guthrie finished his questions, Mr. Dresser said:

"Now will you ask me what I did

Mr. Untermeyer, attorney for the bondholders, told the witness to go ahead and tell what did happen and

WHAT DID HAPPEN.

"Six weeks ago I saw Mr. Gates and told him that if Mr. Schwab would take his grip off Bethlehem the shipbuilding company would be all right. I went to the office of Harris, Gates & Company, in the interest of the shipbuilding company. Mr. Schwab has taken this means of putting it before the public to show that I was there to plead with him. I said that if he would give us any decent plan of reorganization and not the confiscation plan that has been proposed, the company would be all right. I went over this shipbe all right. I went over this ship-building matter with Charley Harris six weeks ago. I told him then that the wrecking of the shipbuilding company was due to Mr. Schwab withholding the profits of Bethlehem instead of letting them flow into the shipbuilding company where they belonged. I asked Mr. Harris to telephone to Mr. Schwab, and he did so. If out of the mess and mire the United States Shipbuilding company can be re-established that is what I want to see done. I have no financial interests but I feel that it will help me."

"Did you say anything to Mr. Schwab about his liability in this matter?" asked Mr. Untermeyer. "No. I did not." said the witness:

"that is a legal question and I know nothing about it." Mr. Dresser said that when he undertook the shipbuilding project for the Trust Company of the Republic he be-lieved that \$6,000,000 had been under-

lieved that \$6,000,000 had been under-written in France.

In the course of his testimony Mr.
Dresser mentioned the names of Her-bert L. Satterlee, C. W. Wetmore, Geo.
R. Sheldon and several other members of the reorganization committee. Mr.
Satterlee is a son-in-law of J. Pierpont Morgan. His use of these names caus-ed Mr. Guthrie to protest that all such testimony was irrevelant and incompetestimony was irrevelant and incompe tent. At this point a recess was an-

nounced.

At the afternoon session Mr. Dresser testified that he protested against the terms of the taking over of the ship-building interests of the Trust Company of the Republic by the Sheldon syndicate because he believed the terms to be unfair. The witness testified that when he told Max Pam that he (Dresser), was compelled to make an assign. when he told Max Pam that he (Dresser), was compelled to make an assignment, Pam told him that he must resign at once from the shipbuilding board. Mr. Dresser said that "Mr. Pam was running the whole company."

It was announced that Mr. Pam probably would testify next Monday.

GEORGE BAILEY.

Of Westminster College, Excited Over Growth of Mormonism.

(Special to the "News.") Washington, D. C., Oct. 14 .- At a session of the conference of the Presbyterian vening. George Bailey, president of the Westminster college, Salt Lake City, addressed the synod. lege, Salt Lake City, addressed the synod. He called attention to the importance of Christian Endeavor in the west, where every effort is being made, he said, to more firmly intrench "Mormonism."

A resolution was adopted allowing Westminster college to solicit subscriptions among churches throughout the country. This is a privilege not accorded to other colleges. tions among chi country. This is a to other colleges,

POSTMASTERS.

Utah postmasters appointed—Cisco. Grand county, Okley M. Balley, vice H. T. Matthews, resigned; Lake Point, Tooele county, Elizabeth Jackson, vice William F. Moss, resigned.

PENSIONS.

Idaho pensions granted-William A. Crawford, \$8; James M. Tenningsed, \$8. SHOSHONE POSTOFFICE SITE.

The postmaster-general has authorized the change of site of the postoffice at Shoshone. Ida., to premises offered by Mr. Gooding.

Robert S. Spencer, Evanston, Wyo., has been admitted to practise before interior densities.

MR. CLEVELAND IN CHICAGO. He Will Speak on "American Good Citizenship."

Chicago, Oct. 14.—Ex-President Grover Cleveland arrived here today to be the guest of the Commercial club during a two days' visit. He was accompanied by his physician and friend. Dr. Joseph Bryant of New York. Martin A. Ryerson, president of the Commercial club, and James H. Eckles, compitoller of the currency under Cleveland, escorted the visitor to the Auditorium Annex, where he was met by the executive committee of the club. Mr. Cleveland will address the Commercial club at a dinner to be given tonight, his subject being "American Good Citizenship."

IN STATE OF TERROR.

Populace of Armentieres, France, Still Greatly Alarmed.

Paris, Oct. 14.-A proposition to arbi-trate the strike of linen weavers at Armentieres has been submitted to a ref-

After yesterday's riot the city of Ar mentieres appeared as though sacked by an invading army. The populace is sill in a state of terror.

Killed in Railway Collision. Cincinnati, O., Oct. 14.—By a collision of two trains on the Cincinnati, Lawrence-burg & Aurora traction line at North Bend today, Edward Barrow, laborer, Harrison, Ohio, and Thomas Scott Motorman of Harrison, were killed. Several others were injured.

Victor Emmanuel in Paris. Paris, Oct. II.—King Victor Emmanue and Queen Helena of Italy arrived here at 3:30 p. m. A large crowd at the sta-tion greeted their majesties enthusiasti-cally.

A Kentucky Feud Victim. Middlesboro, Ky., Oct. 13.-A feud on Clear fork, between the Sowders and Par-ton families, has resulted in the killing of James Parton.

Automobile Endurance Test.

Cleveland, O., Oct. 14.—The automobile endurance test v. 5-gun at 7 o'clock this morning, when F. B. Stearns, in his 20-ton car, led the way on the run from Cleveland to Youngstown, a distance of about 70 miles by wagon road. Car No. 7, with Ebb Jay as driver, followed Stearns closely and the others all got away within a half hour after the leader started. The automobilists will spend tonight in Youngstown and tomorrow they will

IN OGDEN JAIL.

Joseph Sullivan Defies Manufacturer's Guarantee and Nearly Escapes.

DISCOVERED JUST IN TIME.

Junction City Has a Money - Back Holdup - Screened Booths Declared Unlawful.

(Special to the "News.") Ogden, Utah, Oct. 14.-What came nearly being a successful jail delivery was attempted last night by Joseph Sullivan, now doing time in the county jail for assault. In fact, the man was barely out when discovered by Sheriff Bailey, who happened to drive into the yard and heard the prisoner at work trying to liberate himself. An investigation was made by the sheriff and by Deputy Sheriff Cave. It was discovered that Sullivan had picked the lock of his cell and the lock of the corridor, and had just about completed sawing his way through the west window of the corridor, when he was interrupted. Sullivan was confined in the new section of the jail in a cell specially constructed for prisoners of the most desperate character, and he had picked the lock which the manufacturer claimed to be impossible for any man to pick. A search of the cell disclosed four files and four saws, also three keys that the prisoner had made out of brass, which, after his discovery, he showed the sheriff would unlock the fastenings of the cell and corridor. Sullivan was convicted on Monday of assaulting Baggagemen Hall, Hart and McLaughlin, and of pulling a pistol on them because they refused to give him money.

PRISONER BOUND OVER. terrupted. Sullivan was confined in the

PRISONER BOUND OVER.

The man was arraigned before Judge Howell this morning charged with an attempted jailbreak. He waived preliminary examination and was bound over to the district court in bonds of \$1,000. The district attorney has filed an information against him and he will face the higher tribunal tomorrow. It has been learned that the saws used by Sullivan were passed through a window into the jail a week ago by two unknown men. unknown men.

MONEY-BACK HOLDUP.

John Burkett was held up at 11 from that judgment plaintiffs and of clock last night by two men who took from him 15 cents, all the money he had, but afterwards returned it. This morning Burkett discovered his assailants in a pool room and giving the alarm, they were arrested by Officer Pincock. The men are quite young and gave the names of Floyd Patton and E. Thomas. They deny the charage but a handkerchief found in Patton's pocket with strings attached, is regarded as a suspicious circumstance, to say the statute of limitations. From that judgment plaintiffs and to the suppealed to the suppea least

ARRAIGNED FOR BURGLARY.

George Trunkhill was arraigned be-George Trunkhill was arraighed be-fore Judge Howell this morning charg-ed with burglary. His hearing was set for Oct. 19 at 2 o'clock and his bond was fixed at \$500. Trunkhill is the man burglarized Becker's brewery a few nights ago.

John Healy, alias Moore, was arraigned before Judge Howell on a similar charge, it being alleged that he entered a room in Bennett's lodging house and stole therefrom a gold watch belonging to Charles Chestine. His hearing was set for Tuesday next at 2 o'clock and his bond fixed at \$500.

YOUNG HOODLUMS FINED.

S. J. Stevens was this morning found guilty of disturbing the peace, he be-ing the young man who dragged Miss Wintle from her buggy while she was returning home from a party a few nights ago. The court sentenced him to pay a fine of \$20, with an extra \$20 or 20 days, which was suspended during good behavior. F. J. Howe and George Bachelor, the other two parties to the affair were each fined \$20, also suspended during good behavior. It was shown that the latter two did not selst in pulling Miss Wintle from the buggy, hence the suspension of sen-

SCREENED BOOTHS UNLAWFUL.

This morning Judge Howell rendered his decision in the case of the city vs the proprietors of a number of Chinese restaurants, charging them with having booths on their premises with screens on, contrary to the ordinances of the city. The court held the ordinance valid and fined each of the offenders \$30. Judge H. H. Henderson, who ap-peared for the defendants, gave notice of an appeal to the district court in of an appeal to the district court in order that the ordinance might be put o a proper test. These booths have been the cause of great annoyance to the police and public as they have often been the scene of drunken orgies and other disreputable conduct.

For Uniform Divorce Laws. Chicago, Oct. 14 .- The Rock River onference of the Methodist Episcopal church in session at Aurora, Ill., has adopted resolutions urging the national adoption of uniform divorce laws. The resolutions commend the state law making family abandonment a crime, and instruct ministers to unite with the Protestant Episcopal church in refusing to re-marry any person unless divorced on scriptural grounds.

bitration treaty between Great Britain

and France was signed here today by

Foreign SecretaryLansdowne and the

French ambassador, M. Cambon, The

"The government of the French re-

public and the government of his Brittannic majesty, signatories of the con-

vention concluded at The Hague, July

29, 1899, for the peaceful settlement of international disputes.

"Considering that by article 19 of that treaty the high contracting powers re-

text of the treaty is as follows:

DISPUTE OVER MINING CLAIM.

Celebrated Case of Felkner et al. Vs John E. Dooly Argued in Supreme Court.

APPEAL FROM MORSE'S COURT.

Heirs of William A. Norton, Deceased, Ask for an Accounting of Certain Funds.

The celebrated case of William H. Felkner et al, appellants, vs John E. Dooly was argued before the supreme court today. The action was brought in the Third district court by plaintiffs and the heirs of William A. Norton, deceased, who are mentioned as crosscomplainants, to compel defendant Dooly to account for certain funds which he received for the sale of a twothirds interest in the Charles Dickens lode claim, located in Idaho, which had been mortgaged to Dooly by Norton to been morigaged to Dooly by Norton to secure the payment of promissory notes aggregating \$20,000. It was also asked that the claims of several of the plaintiffs in the action for labor performed on the said mining claim be declared a lien upon the property and that they have judgment against Dooly, who was exeuctor of the Norton control of the property of the prope estate, for the amount of their It is set out in appellants' abstract

that Dooly was appointed executor of Norton's estate on July 30, 1884, and on Norton's estate on July 30, 1884, and on July 21, 1886 a judgment was rendered against Dooly, as executor, for various claims for labor on the Dickens lode which belonged to said estate. The property was sold at sheriff's sale to R. C. Chambers for \$52,000, as trustee for Dooly. The time for redemption expired, after which the title passed to Chambers. Tt the instance of Dooly it is alleged that the property was then transferred to John A. Marshall as trustee for the Chas. Dickens Mining company, limited, of London. By that sale it is alleged that Dooly received \$15,000 for said two-thirds interest in the property which he held in trust for the Norton estate. None of that money has ever been accounted for to the estate and this action was brought to compel an accounting and also the payment of the claims of plaintiffs.

and also the payment of the claims of plaintiffs.

The cae was tried before Judge Morse who dismissed the complaint on the ground that the action was barred by the statute of limitations. From that judgment plaintiffs and cross-complaints appealed to the supreme court. It was urged by Attorney Frank Pierce, who argued the case for appellants, that the statute of limitations has not run against the plaintiffs for the reason that the trust in this insance is continuing and sibsisting and the beneficiaries have at no time had

TILLMAN JURY RETIRES. Judge's Charge Was Strong on Plea of Self Defense.

Lexington, S. C., Oct. 14 .- Col. Croft, of gounsel for the defense, resumed his or counsel for the detense, restrict his arguments, in the Tillman trial when court convened today. He was followed by Gen. Bellinger, who made the closing argument for the state.

At the conclusion of Gen. Bellinger's

at the conclusion of delta desired argument Judge Gary immediately entered upon his charge to the May. After defining murder and the different degrees of homicide the court charged the jury that a plea of self-defense have ing been set up the jury must be sat-isfied by prependerance of evidence that the defendant was without fault in bringing on the difficulty; he believed he was at the time in danger of receiving serious bodily injury, or losing his life, and that a reasonable man of prudence ordinary firmness, courage, prudence and reason would have reached the same conclusion. The court concluded same conclusion. The court concluded the charge at 1:42 p. m., when the jury retired. Senator Tillman, uncle of the defend-

ant, was in court today. -

MONEY FREELY USED.

Big Prices Being Paid for Proxies In Tomorrow's Convention.

Probably the most lamentable thing ever seen in Utah politics ures ran as high as \$50, according to report, and rarely dropped below \$10. Who the money was ing to report, and rarely dropped furnished by is an interesting question. When a proxy is presented in the convention some lively interrogations are promis- . ed. The man who holds it will probably have to be pretty explicit as to where he got his authority when it comes to the matter of voting, if he is not a regular delegate.

not be possible to settle by means of di-plomacy, shall be submitted to the per-

JAPAN DENIES WAR IS IMMINENT.

Negotiations Concerning Manchurian and Corean Questions Pursuing Their Normal Course.

RUSSIAN ARMY HAS WAR FEVER

Caused Entirely by the Activity of the Preparations Everywhere Visible.

London, Oct. 14 .- The Japanese government has issued a denial of the alarmist reports of the imminence of war with Russia in a dispatch from Toklo dated yesterday and sent to the Japanese ministers abroad. It says:

"The negotiations concerning Manchurian and Corean questions are following their normal course, and there is no reason to anticipate a rupture between Japan and Russia. The alarmist reports current abroad are devoid of foundation."

WAR FEVER IN RUSSIAN ARMY.

Port Arthur, (Tuesday), Oct, 13.—The review by the vicercy, Admiral Alexieff, on Sunday of 76,000 soldiers participating in the maneuvers was the final act of last week's "war game." This force was massed on the plains outside of the city. It included cavalry, infantry and artillery. Every infantry regiment is partly mounted, in accordance with the recent regulations. Foreigners were given every opportunity to witness the display, and the statements of officers regarding the total force were verified by the count of the visiting experts. It was also officially announced that the entire force within easy operating distance of Port Arthur numbers 100,000 men. Two months ago it was 60,000 men. Sunday's spectacle demonstrated that the reports regarding reinforcements arriving in Manchurla have underestimated the real increase.

The army assembled Sunday was greater than the Pekin diplomatists believed Russia's entire force in Manchurla to be. Officials here are taking WAR FEVER IN RUSSIAN ARMY.

greater than the translation of the lieved Russia's entire force in Manchuria to be. Officials here are taking pains to advertise Russia's strength and oclaim, that the maneuvers are intended as an object lesson.

Admiral Alexieff, speaking to an

American official, said:
"War would be a great calamity. Here we believe the best way to prevent it would be to strengthen ourselves as much as possible. Therefore, we have

Russian officers. Anticipation of war is at a heat in the army and navy but this is based entirely on the activity of the preparations visible everywhere. The

higher officials believe that Japan has been overawed by the demonstration on Russia's part.

No steps towards the evacuation of Manchuria have been taken. The Official Journal, the editor of which is a colonel on the viceroy's staff, says none will be taken. The governors of East Siberia are here, consulting with the viceroy for the purpose of arranging a new division of territory beyond the Amur, into

three provinces. The reports that a Chinese army had assembled in the rear of Mukden are not confirmed. MARINES FOR PORT ARTHUR.

St. Potersburg, Oct. 14. -A thousand fnarines belonging to the Baltic fleet left St. Petersburg today for Port Ar-

WAR RUMORS BLOWN AWAY. Berlin, Oct. 14.—The rumors of war in the far east have for the present so far as Berlin is concerned, been quite blown away by the official reassurances from all sides. Yet it is recognized that the negotiations going on are of supreme importance, and that they may reach a dangerous deadlock, or be terminated by Japan, which is regarded as being determined to reach a favorable understanding with Russia or take warlike

Dakota Land for Dowieites.

thing ever seen in Utah politics was witnessed in many places in this city today when delegates were being offered large sums of money for their proxies in tomorrow's convention. These figures ran as high as \$50, accord-

"THE RESTORING HOST." Three Thousand Dowieites Begin The Pilgrimage to Gotham.

Chicago, Oct. 14.—"The Restoring Host" from Zion City began its movement upon New York city today. At intervals of one-half hour, trainloads of the followers of John Alexander Dowie left the north shore city, eight trains in all bearing over 1,000 "crusaders." 3,000 "crusaders."

At the blowing of the first whistle every inhabitum of the city was ready to kneel and pray for a safe Journey and over 7,000 women, men and children gathered at the railway station to listen to the final instructions of their leader. The ears are

THE ANGLO-FRENCH ARBITRATION TREATY | contracting states, and that they do

London, Oct. 14 (12:55 p. m.) .- The ar- | serve to themselves the right of concluding agreements with the view to have recourse to arbitration in all cases in which they shall consider it possible not affect the interests of a third Article 2-In each particular case the high contracting parties, before address-ing themselves to the permanent court of arbitration, shall sign a special ar-bitration bond setting forth clearly the subject under dispute, the extent of the to submit thereto, have authorized the undersigned to agree to the followin Article 1-Differences of a judicial order, or such as relate to the interpre-tation of treaties existing between the two contracting parties, which may arise between them and which it may powers of the arbitrators and the do-talls to be observed as regards the constitution of the arbitration tribunal

and the procedure.

"Article 3—The present arrangement is concluded for a term of five years from the date of the signing. (Signed), CAMBON

"LANSDOWNE."

decorated only with a Zion banner at the rear of each train. Uniformed guard were distributed throughout the car while the Zion band, the restoration chois of 600 voices and the children's choisy athered about to inspire the departing hosts. The trains proceeded over various lines, passing around Chicago. The band and choir trains were the last to leave, the latter bearing Dowie's private car the "Arcadian."

PREPARING FOR THEM.

New York, Oct. 14.—Madison Square garden is being prepared for the use of John Alexander Dowie and his adherents who are expected to arrive Friday to undertake a reformation. Workmen today began to build at the east end of the garden a platform with senting capacity sufficient for "Zion's" 500 officers and choir of 609. In front of the platform will be a baptismal pool 10 by 15 feet in diameter.

FIGHT WITH BURGLARS.

Citizens of Columbus Grove, O., Have a Running One.

Lima, Ohio, Oct. 14.—A running fight between residents of the town and eight burglars following the robbery of the postoffice occurred at Columbus Grove postoffice occurred at Columbus Grove early today. So far as learned no one was injured. For several days past suspicions have been aroused by the presence of strangers in the town and extra guards were placed around band extra guards were placed around band ther places which might be attacked. The postoffice, however, was left unprotected. All the surrounding towns have been notified to keep a lookout for the thieves. The amount taken was not learned.

out for the thieves. The amount taken was not learned.
Columbus Grove is 14 miles north of this city and is the town in which Frank van Loon, of Westerville, Chio, walked into the Exchange bank about eight years ago, shot and killed a customer, Farmer Deermark, shot Cashler Thomas J. Maple in the arm and took \$1,500 in cash and escaped. Later he was captured and paid the death penvas captured and paid the death pen-

A SUCCESSFUL BANK ROBBERY Four Men Loot One at Berwick, Knox Co., Ill.

Peoria, Ill., Oct. 14.-Soon after 2 o'clock this morning four men drove into the little town of Berwick, eight miles west of Abingdon, Knox county, and pleked the lock of the front door of the Farmers' State bank. Then they drilled the door of the vault and forced the combination, securing \$2,800. The explosion awakened a number of residents of the town, who appeared on the scene only to be covered by guns in the hands of the robbers who held them at bay until they had loaded their booty

no trace of the robbers has yet been found. W. C. Tubbs, president of the bank, says the loss is fully covered by COEUR D'ALENE MINERS. Arrive at Cripple Creek to Take

into the rig and driven toward the east. All surrounding towns were notified but

Strikers' Places. Cripple Creek, Colo., Oct. 14.-Eightytwo miners arrived from Coeur d'Alene, Idaho, this morning and will take the places of the strikers in the mines of this district. There was a large crowd at the Victor station when the newcomers alighted from the cars but no dem-

onstration was made.

Official orders for the reduction of the military force here to 500 men, which was decided upon by Gov. Peabody yesterday, were not received at Camp Goldfield this morning and no troops were relieved from duty, Adjt.-Gen. Sherman Bell said that owing to slickness and leaves of absence the force has already been reduced to 775 officers and men, but that 275 more men can be sent away without impairing the efficiency of the guards maintained at mines that are in operation.

Wm. L. Elkins III.

Philadelphia, Oct. 14 .-- William L. Elkins, the millionaire traction owner, is seriously ill at his country home, a few miles from Philadelphia. Mr. Elkins, it is said, is suffering from organic troubles and worry has added to his unsatisfactory physical condition

HEALING BY FAITH. New York Court of Appeals Makes

Important Decision on it. Albany, N. Y., Oct. 13.—Especial interest attaches to the decision handed down today by the court of appeals in the case of the People vs Pierson, declaring dependence on faith healing in the case of sickness to be criminal negligous. the case of sickness to be criminal negligence. Pierson lives at White Plains, and early in 1901 was sentenced to \$500 or 500 days' imprisonment for criminal neglect in failing to provide a licensed physician to attend his 16-months-old adopted daughter in a case of bronchial pneumonia, which afterward proved fatal. The conviction was secured under the penal code, which holds that "A person who omits without lawful excuse to perform a duty by law imposed upon him, to furnish food, clothing, shelter or medical attendance to a minor is guilty," etc.

Justice Bartlett, in the prevailing opinion in the appelate division, held that "medical attendance" referred to in the statutes does not mean excluin the statutes does not mean exclu-sively the attendance of a medical prac-titioner in the general sense of term. The appelate division reversed the con

In its opinion, written by Judge Haight, the court of appeals says:
"It would seem that the legislative in-"It would seem that the legislative intent is reasonably clear, although possibly more precise language could have been employed. The section of the code under which the indictment was found contemplates that there are persons on whom the law casts a duty of caring forminors. We are aware that there are people who believe that the divine power may be invoked to heal the sick, and faith is all that is required. There are others who believe the Creator has supplied the learth. Bature's storchouse. others who believe the Creator has supplied the earth, nature's storchouse, with everything that man may want for his support and maintenance, including the restoration and preservation of his health, and that he is left to work out his own salvation under fixed natural laws. There are still others who believe Christianity and science go hand in hand, both proceeding from the Creator, that science is but the agent of the Almighty through which He accomplishes results, and that both science and divine power may be inscience and divine power may be invoked together to restore diseased and suffering humanity. But, sitting as a court of law for the purpose of construing and determining the meaning of statutes, we have nothing to do with variances in religious belief and have no power to determine which is cor-We place no limitations upon th power of the Supreme Being to heal the sick. We merely declare the law as given us by the legislature. We find no error on the part of the trial court that

called for a reversal. Bad Condition in Grand Caymen.

Mobile, Ala., Oct. 14.—According to information received by steamship from Georgetown, Grand Caymen, the conditions on the islands as a result of the hurricane and flood are deplorable and the people are suffering from fever. It is also stated that the supply of food is scant. The fever is attributed to decaying fruit and sap trees which were felled by the storm and the numerous cattle that perished.

FACTIONS CROSS **SWORDS TOMORROW**

Bitterness Grows Apace Over the Mayoralty Contest in the Republican Convention.

MUCH WIRE PULLING TODAY

Combinations that Keep the Campaign Managers Busy-Working Every Possible Turn.

WHAT THE DEMOCRATS ARE DOING

Playing Waiting Game and Hoping to Profit by the Schisms in the Republican Ranks.

CONVENTION BULLETIN.

Place Grand Theater Temporary ChairmanG. S. Holmes Temporary Secretary .

Sergeants-at-Arms W. F. Hills, P. L. Johnson Deputy sheriff .

.... Butler and William Leaker

.W. D. Riter

Not since the strenuous days of the latter eighties and the early nineties has there been greater activity displayed in the political struggles of this city than was exhibited today. There was no flourish and not much noisebut there has been action, action, AC-TION. And there will be action tonight in all of the political camps. So far as the proceedings of the convention tomorrow are concerned, it was jocularly remarked today that a new word would have to be coined to ex-

press it. There will be contests for seats, charges and counter charges about packing primaries and resorting to divers questionable methods in the elections of delegates. Wounds that are sore now will be made more so in the conflict so near at hand. Some may be temporarily healed by promises and others permanently soothed by political reward. But there will be hurts for which there will be no remedies, and what the result will be cannot now be told in detail. Only men who have managed and participated in the management of campaigns that have hit the rocks can surmise the full consequences. Of course much will depend upon the selection of presiding officers of the convention. The chairman or chairmen, as the case may be, can avert no little trouble. In fact, by skillful parliamentary rulings wonders can be accomplished.

CITY COUNCIL CONVENTIONS.

Tonight, commencing at 8 o'clock, the delegates to the Republican city convention will meet in their respective precincts for the purpose of nominating three members of the city council from each precinct, and to select city committeemen and members of the committees on credentials, organization and platform for the convention tomor-The meetings will be held as fol-

First Municipal Ward-Annex Ninth ward meetinghouse, corner of Fourth South and Fifth East streets. Second Municipal Ward-Old Boston store room, 12-14-16 south West Temple. store room, 12-14-16 gouth West Temple.
Third Municipal Ward—Seventeenth
ward meetinghouse, First North, between West Temple and First West.
Fourth Municipal Ward—Twentieth
ward annusement hall, Second street,
between D and E.
Fifth Municipal Ward—Old city hall,
corner First South and State streets.
For places on the councilmanic ticket
a good many names of prominent citi-

a good many names of prominent citizens are mentioned. In the First precinct those named are Frank J. Hewlett, L. D. Martin, Joseph Christensen, Thomas Hobday and L. B. Moore. In the Second J. H. Preece and B. D. Blackmarr are mentioned, while in the Third the leading candidates are T. A. Callister, John Openshaw, Richard Papworth and James Hasiam. In the worth and James Hasiam. In the Fourth precinct W. C. Spence, Prof. W. H. Tibballs, Perry Anson and J. N. Sharp hold the boards, while those mentioned in the Fifth are A. J. Davis.

T. R. Black, J. S. Daveler and C. M. Neuhausen. Neuhausen.
In the Thirty-ninth district, which is a part of the Fourth precinct, the delegates elected to the convention are A. B. Irvine, Charles Staines, Robert B. Harkness, W. D. Riter, John C. Sharp, James Sabine, Perry Anson, Harry Knight, Thomas Weir and W. S. Barnes, The right of these delegates to occupy seats in the convention will Barnes. The right of these delegates to occupy seats in the convention will be contested, as it is allaged that certain parties who had a perfect right to vote were shut out when they appeared at the primary. It is stated, however, that the parties in question did not put in an appearance till after the poils were closed and that the only reason their votes were not received. reason their votes were not received was because they were too late. However, the matter will be investigated at the precinct convention tonight and may be carried into the city conven-

tion tomorrow

WITH THE DEMOCRATS. The Democrats are watching the strife in the Republican ranks with a good deal of satisfaction. They see in it an opportunity and are beginning to talk shop. They say they will name the best material they have. For mayor but three men are seriously spoken of. They are City Treasurer Morris, John Dern and John Clark. When Mr. Morris was seen today he said:

"I am not a candidate. I do not want to become one. I would much prefer to see another man named. Of course, if the party is insistent I may accept. I realize that it has honored me in the past and that if it seriously desires at this time that I accept, it would hardly be proper to do otherwise. But I would really rather not do so."